## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

Claim 1 (original): A compound represented by Formula I:

$$R^{5}$$
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{7}$ 
 $R^{7}$ 
 $R^{7}$ 

wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently chosen from hydrogen or an alkyl group;  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are independently chosen from hydrogen, an alkyl group or  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$  and the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cycloalkyl ring, or  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  together represent  $(CH_2)_m$  to form a saturated heterocycle;

R<sup>5</sup> is chosen from hydroxyl, alkoxy, alkyl, halogen, or OC(=O)W;

R<sup>6</sup> is chosen from hydrogen, halogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are hydrogen or an alkyl group;

W is a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group,  $NR^7R^8$ ,  $N(R^7)CH_2(CH_2)_nN(R^7)(R^8)$ , Oalkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl;

m is 3 or 4;

n is 2 or 3;

A is a 5- to 7-membered ring optionally containing one heteroatom chosen from NR<sup>7</sup>, O, or S;

X is either N or C;

Y and Z are either N or C, wherein Y and Z are different; and the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond; or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or solvates thereof.

Claim 2 (original): The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently chosen from hydrogen or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

Preliminary Amendment U.S. Patent Application No. Unassigned

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> and the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cyclopropyl ring, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together represent (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> to form a saturated heterocycle;

 $R^5$  is chosen from hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, halogen, or OC(=O)W;  $R^6$  is chosen from hydrogen, halogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl substituted with halogen;  $R^7$  and  $R^8$  are hydrogen or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

W is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $NR^7R^8$ ,  $N(R^7)CH_2(CH_2)_nN(R^7)(R^8)$ ,  $OC_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $CO_2C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $CON(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)<sub>2</sub>,  $C(=NH)NH_2$ ,  $NHC(=NH)NH_2$ , or  $NH_2$ ,  $C_{2-4}$ alkenyl optionally substituted by phenyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one or more of  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy or halogen;

m is 3 or 4;

n is 2 or 3;

A is a 5- to 7-membered ring optionally containing one heteroatom chosen from NR<sup>7</sup>, O, or S;

X is either N or C;

Y and Z are either N or C, wherein Y and Z are different; and the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond; or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or solvates thereof.

Claim 3 (original): The compound of claim 1, wherein said  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  form a saturated  $(CH_2)_m$  heterocycle or said  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  together form a cycloalkyl ring.

Claim 4 (original): The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ , and  $R^3$  are hydrogen; or  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  together represent  $(CH_2)_m$  to form a pyrrolidine;

R<sup>4</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>5</sup> is chosen from hydroxyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, or OC(=O)W;

 $R^6$  is chosen from hydrogen, halogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl substituted with halogen;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

```
Preliminary Amendment U.S. Patent Application No. Unassigned
```

W is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $NR^7R^8$ ,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl, or  $CO_2C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

m is 3;

A is a 6-membered ring optionally containing one heteroatom chosen from NR<sup>7</sup> or O;

X is either N or C;

Y is N and Z is C; and

the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond.

Claim 5 (original): The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is:

2-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,6,7,8-tetrahydro-benzo[cd]indazol-4-ol;

2-(2-Dimethylaminoethyl)-2,6,7,8-tetrahydro-benzo[cd]indazol-4-ol;

2-(2-Aminopropyl)-5-methyl-2,6,7,8-tetrahydro-benzo[cd]indazol-4-ol;

2-(2-Aminopropyl)-5-fluoro-2,6,7,8-tetrahydro-benzo[cd]indazol-4-ol;

2-(6-Fluoro-7-methoxy-4,5-dihydro-3*H*-benzo[*cd*]indazol-1-yl)-1-methylethylamine;

Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid 2-(2-aminopropyl)-2,6,7,8-tetrahydrobenzo[cd]indazol-4-yl ester;

 $1\hbox{-}(2\hbox{-}Aminopropyl)\hbox{-}1,3,4,5\hbox{-}tetrahydro-benzo[\it cd] indol\hbox{-}7-ol;$ 

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-5*H*-pyrano[4,3,2-*cd*]indazol-7-ol; or

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-4-methyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-pyrazolo[4,3,2-de]isoquinolin-7-ol or combinations thereof.

Claim 6 (original): The compound of claim 1, wherein said X is N.

Claim 7 (original): The compound of claim 1, wherein said X is C.

Claim 8 (original): A method of controlling normal or elevated intraocular pressure comprising administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of a composition comprising at least one compound of claim 1.

Claim 9 (original): The method of claim 8, wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  form a saturated  $(CH_2)_m$  heterocycle.

Claim 10 (original): The method of claim 8, wherein said R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> together form a cycloalkyl ring.

Claim 11 (original): The method of claim 8, wherein said compound is 2-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,6,7,8-tetrahydro-benzo[cd]indazol-4-ol;

2-(2-Dimethylaminoethyl)-2,6,7,8-tetrahydro-benzo[cd]indazol-4-ol;

2-(2-Aminopropyl)-5-methyl-2,6,7,8-tetrahydro-benzo[cd]indazol-4-ol;

2-(2-Aminopropyl)-5-fluoro-2,6,7,8-tetrahydro-benzo[cd]indazol-4-ol;

2-(6-Fluoro-7-methoxy-4,5-dihydro-3*H*-benzo[*cd*]indazol-1-yl)-1-methylethylamine;

Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid 2-(2-aminopropyl)-2,6,7,8-tetrahydrobenzo[cd]indazol-4-yl ester;

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-benzo[cd]indol-7-ol;

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-5*H*-pyrano[4,3,2-*cd*]indazol-7-ol; or

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-4-methyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-pyrazolo[4,3,2-de]isoquinolin-7-ol; or combinations thereof.

Claim 12 (original): The method of claim 8, wherein wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are hydrogen;

or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together represent (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> to form a pyrrolidine;

Preliminary Amendment U.S. Patent Application No. Unassigned

R<sup>4</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>5</sup> is chosen from hydroxyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, or OC(=O)W;

R<sup>6</sup> is chosen from hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl substituted with halogen;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

W is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $NR^7R^8$ ,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl, or  $CO_2C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

m is 3;

A is a 6-membered ring optionally containing one heteroatom chosen from NR<sup>7</sup> or O;

X is either N or C;

Y is N and Z is C; and

the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond.

Claim 13 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein said X is N.

Claim 14 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein said X is C.

Claim 15 (original): A method for the treatment of glaucoma comprising administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of a composition comprising at least one compound of claim 1.

Claim 16 (original): The method of claim 15, wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ , and  $R^3$  are hydrogen; or  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  together represent  $(CH_2)_m$  to form a pyrrolidine;

 $R^4$  is  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

R<sup>5</sup> is chosen from hydroxyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, or OC(=O)W;

Preliminary Amendment U.S. Patent Application No. Unassigned

R<sup>6</sup> is chosen from hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl substituted with halogen;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

W is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $NR^7R^8$ ,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl, or  $CO_2C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

m is 3;

A is a 6-membered ring optionally containing one heteroatom chosen from NR<sup>7</sup> or O;

X is either N or C;

Y is N and Z is C; and

the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond.

Claim 17 (original): The method of claim 15, wherein said compound is:

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

(R)-1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

(S)-1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3-methyl-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-(S)-1-Pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-5-fluoro-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

[1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetra hydro-pyrano [2,3-g] indazol-8-yl]-1,7,8,9-tetra hydro-pyrano [2,3-g] indazol-8-yl]-1,7,8,9-tetr

dimethylamine;

[1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-yl]-methanol; 1-(2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-g]indazol-8-ol;

Preliminary Amendment U.S. Patent Application No. Unassigned

1-(Pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl)-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol; or

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3-methyl-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol; or mixtures thereof.

Claim 18 (original): A pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound of claim 1 and at least one carrier.

Claim 19 (currently amended): A method to block or bind to activate serotonin receptors comprising administering an effective amount of at least one compound of claim 1 to a patient.